#### The Many Facets of NACCTFO!

Brady Baybeck
NACCTFO Annual Meeting
11 July 2019





# What Are We Doing This Morning?





Source: <u>CNN / YouTube</u>



#### But Seriously...Today's Objectives

 Connect your work to the "big picture" of local government in the United States – who are you?
 Why are you here?

 Justify / defend / consider your current arrangements

Learn from others! Have fun!





## First Things First...

A County Government Literacy Quiz!





# Local Government in the United States

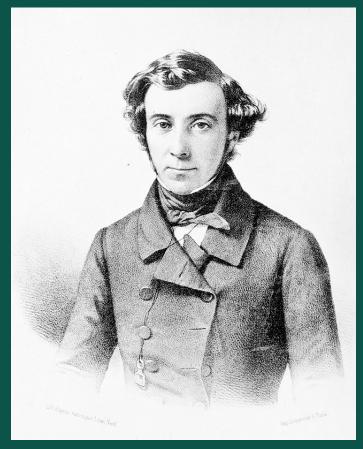




# Local Government: America is Exceptional!

"[Local] institutions constitute the strength of free nations"

Alexis de Tocqueville, Democracy in America, chapter 5





Source: <u>Harvard Magazine</u>



# Local Government: An American Tradition

"The government closest to the people serves the people best."

Thomas Jefferson (sort of), First Inaugural Address, 1801

Question 1



Source: <u>UVA Magazine</u>, Getty Images





# Principles of Local Government in the U.S.A.

Hyperdemocracy

Local autonomy

• The Progressive impulse

Metropolitan fragmentation





# Principle 1: Hyperdemocracy









tion 4!

#### Principle 1: Hyperdemocracy

In the U.S.: Approximately 500,000 elected officials

Most are local, small jurisdictions

Elections likely nonpartisan, candidate-centered

Question 5!





#### Governmental Units in the United States, 2017

Туре	Sub-Type		Totals
Federal			1
States			50
Counties			3,031
	Municipal Town or	19,495	
	Township	16,253	
Subcounty			35,748
	Special		
	Districts Public School	38,542	
	Systems	12,754	
Special			
Purpose			51,296
Total			90,126



**Source: 2017 Census of Governments** 



# Counties – There Are Many!







#### Principle 2: Local Autonomy

- Local autonomy has long been an American ideal
- U.S. Constitution limits national authority over local issues
   Question 2!
- States give but can also take away
- How do they give? Usually, home rule





#### What is Home Rule, Anyway?

- Transfer of authority to locality from state
  - Structural
  - Functional
  - Fiscal
- Usually: charter adoption



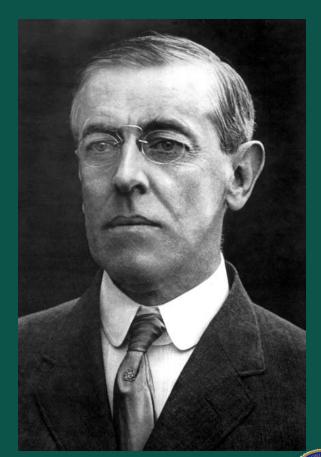




Sources: klcc.org, TheBayNet.com

## Principle 3: The Progressive Impulse

- Democracy sacrificed for efficiency
- "The field of administration is a field of business"
  - Woodrow Wilson







#### Principle 4: Fragmentation

 Vertical fragmentation: Authority distributed across multiple levels of government

 Horizontal fragmentation: Authority distributed across multiple actors in government, usually by function

Local government in U.S. usually has both





## QED: Local Government is Messy!



## "Political" Government

- Elected officials
- Fragmented authority
- Partisan elections

## "Administrative" Government

- Technocrats

   appointed by
   state
- Nonpartisan elections





# County Government in the United States

**Key Theme: Variation** 





#### Counties Get a Bad Rap

"Forgotten governments"



"A backward Institution"



"Antiquated"

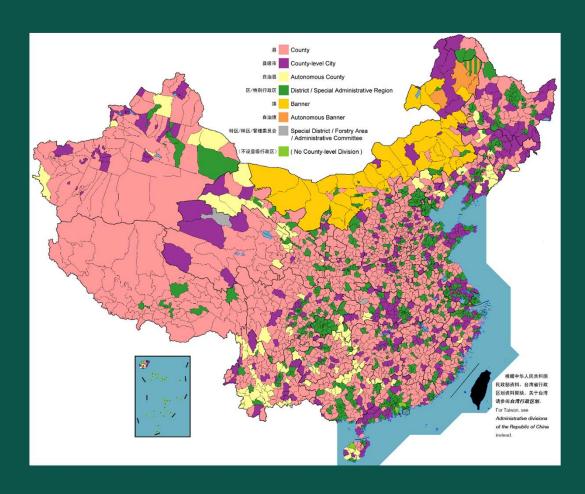
"A plague spot in American politics"



Sources: <u>Orange County Register</u>, imdb.com, Benton 2005, 2007



## Counties are Not Unique to US





Source: Wikimedia Commons



#### All States Have Counties in Some Form

• 2 states use different terms:

Louisiana: Parishes

Alaska: Boroughs

- 2 states have counties but no government:
  - Rhode Island
  - Connecticut







## Key Theme: Variation!

- State with fewest Counties:
  - Delaware (3)
- State with most counties:
  - Texas (254)







#### What Do Counties Do?

- Traditional county functions:
  - Welfare / public health
  - Roads & highways
  - Police & corrections
  - Judiciary
  - Record keeping
  - Elections
  - Tax collection (of course!)

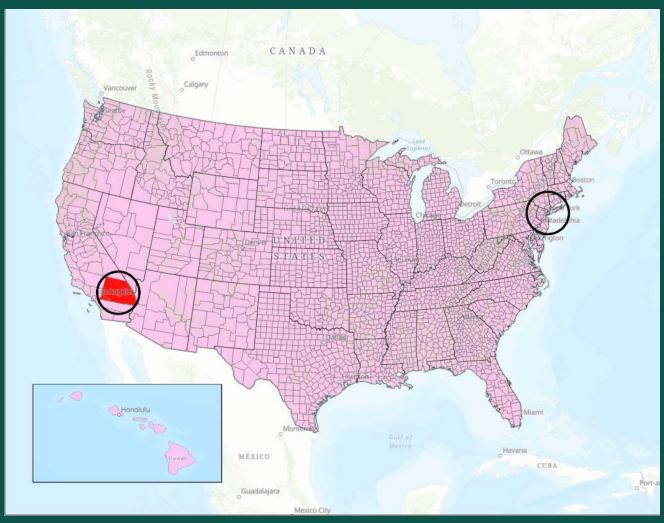
- "Modern" Functions:
  - Municipal services
  - Regional services

Again, variation!





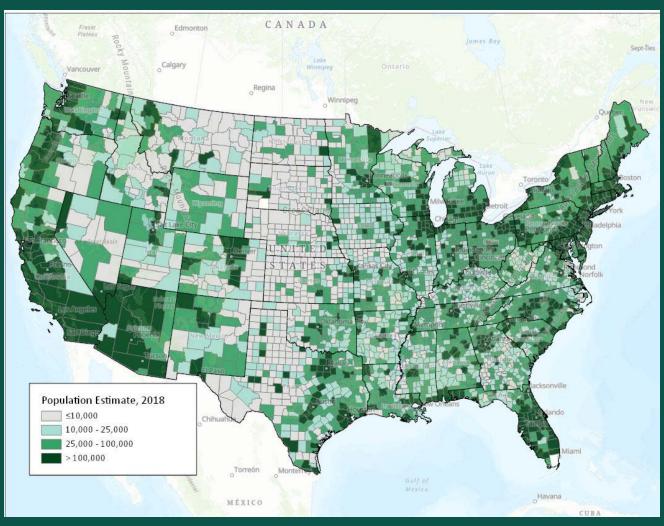
# Variation I: Physical Size







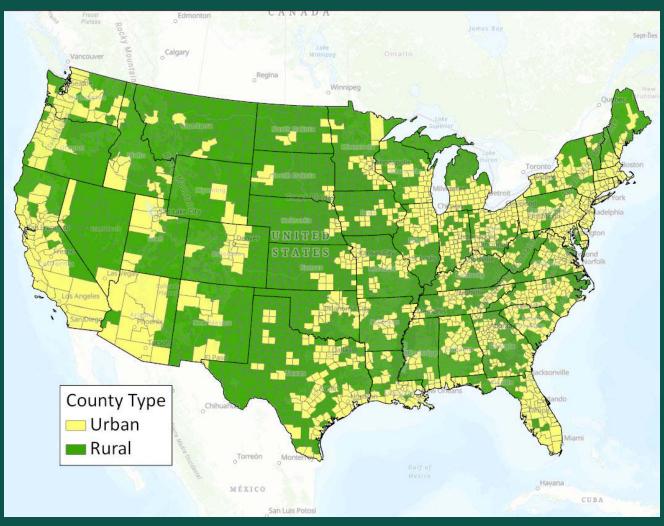
# Variation II: Population







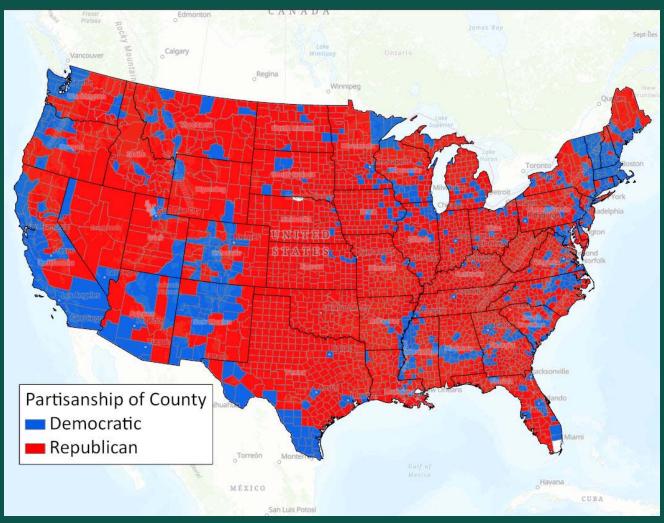
## Variation III: Urban or Rural?





Source: U.S. Census

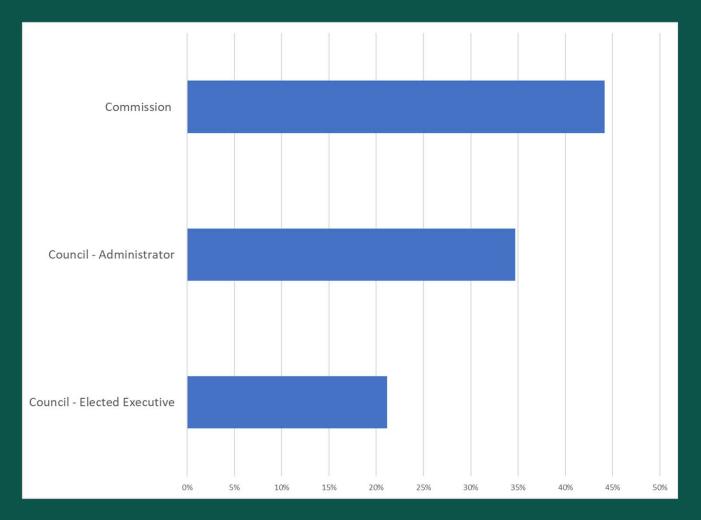
# Variation IV: The Partisanship Divide







#### Variation V: Form of Government







# Variation VI: What about the "Row Offices"?

48 states elect local officers in some form

 Most single function, assigned by state via constitution or statute

Can you name them all? There are at least 18!





# Elected Row Offices (not all)

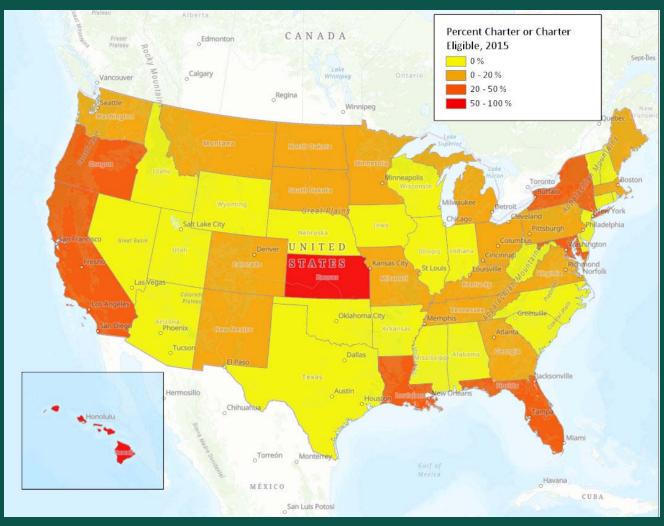
Question 6

	Number of	
	States with	
	Elected	
	County	
Title	Offices	
Sheriff	47	
Treasurer	36	
Assessor	25	
Clerk	25	
Prosecuting Attorney	23	
Coroner	21	
Court Clerk	17	
Recorder	13	
Register of Deeds	13	
Auditor	12	
Surveyor	10	
County Attorney	8	
School Superintendent	7	
Probate Judge	6	
Tax Collector	6	
Public Administrator	3	
Engineer	2	





## Variation VII: Charter Counties





NACTEO

#### Why is the System This Way?

Philosophies discussed previous

Inertia – Path dependence

• It works?

• But it can and does change...





# Collectors / Treasurers / Finance Officers in the United States





# What Should NACCTFO's Acronym *Really* Be?

NACTTCCORSTTRCTATC!





#### Why? You Have Many Titles!

- Treasurer
- Tax Collector
- Collector of Revenue
- Trustee
- Sheriff-Treasurer
- Tax Administrator
- Tax Commissioner

- RevenueCommissioner
- Tax Assessor / Tax Collector

Again: Variation!





#### What About Those Present Today?

Of the people registered for this conference at the close of registration (6/24/2019), what percent had the term "Treasurer" in the title of the office they held or in which they worked?

64 %

Question 7





## What About Those Present Today?

Of the people registered for this conference at the close of registration (6/24/2019), what percent had the term "Collector" in the title of the office?

22 %

Question 8





## What About Those Present Today?

What about everyone else?

- Auditor 2 %
- Department of Finance 1 %
- Revenue Commissioner 3 %
- Trustee 7 %





#### We Did Some Research!

• Data: County offices for all states, if offices exist

- Resources:
  - State statutes and constitutions
  - Associations: County and Officer
  - Other research
- There may be some inconsistencies





#### Title Number Auditor-Treasurer Clerk and Treasurer Collector of Revenue Revenue Commissioner Sheriff-Treasurer Tax Administrator Tax Assessor / Tax Collecto **Tax Collector** Tax Commissioner Treasurer 35 Treasurer-Collector Trustee

## Variation I: Titles





# Variation II: Elected or Appointed?

The vast majority are *elected*.

	Treasurer	Tax Collector
Elected	90%	71%
Discretionary	8%	14%
Appointed	3%	14%
Total Number	39	7





## Variation III: Partisan or Nonpartisan?

# The vast majority are elected in *partisan elections*.

	Treasurer	Tax Collector
Partisan	95%	83%
Nonpartisan	5%	17%
Total Number	38	6





## Variation IV: Functional Categories

This is where it gets really complicated!





#### Variation IV: Functional Categories?

- Collect taxes
- Disburse funds
- Collect delinquent taxes
- Custodian of funds
- Investor of funds
- Account for funds
- Register motor vehicles
- Issue licenses

- Keeper of the seal
- Retirement board
- Seat on board of finance

• Any others?





Variation IV: Functional Categories?

Function	Treasurer	Tax Collector
Collects Taxes	77%	100%
Disburses Funds	85%	14%
Delinquent Taxes	51%	86%
Invests Funds	31%	14%
Custodian of Funds	54%	0%
Accounting of Funds	54%	0%
Registers Motor Vehicles	13%	29%
Issue Licenses	8%	43%
Total Number	39	7





# What is the Typical NACCTFO Member / Potential Member?

Is there one?

## What Does the Future Hold?





#### Possible Trends in Local Government

- Most changes in the direction of centralization
- Consolidation of offices
- Consolidation of governments
- State & Federal mandates
- Changes in selection methods
- Technological changes
- Privatization





# The Future of NACCTFO and its Offices its Members Hold?

- Will local government always be a value?
  - "Things are as they always were, until they aren't"
- Consider learning from each other
- Which is the next session





#### Thanks!

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